



# BOARD QUESTION PAPER : MARCH 2024

## HISTORY

**Time: 3 Hrs.****Max. Marks: 80****Instructions:**

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- (iii) Draw concept maps with pens in the answer sheet.
- (iv) Start a new question on a new page.

**Q.1. (A) Choose the correct alternatives and rewrite the statements:****(6) [10]**

- (1) In 1440 \_\_\_\_\_ started printing press.  
(A) James Watt (B) Gutenberg  
(C) Aristotle (D) Homer
- (2) 'Declaration of Independence' of America was drafted by \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) George Washington (B) Thomas Jefferson  
(C) Lord Amherst (D) Lord Cornwallis
- (3) The 'Third Battle of Panipat' was fought between the Marathas and \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) British (B) Abdali  
(C) Ahmad Khan Bangash (D) Najib Khan
- (4) The first atom bomb was dropped on the city of \_\_\_\_\_ during the aerial attack of America on Japan.  
(A) Nagasaki (B) Hiroshima  
(C) Pearl Harbour (D) Stalingrad
- (5) The headquarters of SEATO was located at \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Thailand (B) Philippines  
(C) Pakistan (D) United Kingdom
- (6) The birth anniversary of Swami Vivekanand is observed as \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) National Education Day (B) National Youth Day  
(C) National Integration Day (D) National Science Day

**(B) Find the incorrect pairs from group 'B' and write the correct ones:****(4)**

(1)

**Group 'A'**

- a. Arcebispo
- b. Chancellor
- c. Vedor da Fazenda
- d. Capitaon

**Group 'B'**

- Chief Executive officer
- Judge
- Incharge of company's possession
- Captain

(2)

**Group 'A'**

- a. Merger of the princely state of Hyderabad
- b. Merger of the princely state of Kashmir
- c. Significant contribution in the 'Goa' liberation movement
- d. The trade unionist leader in Puducherry

**Group 'B'**

- Swami Ramanand Tirth
- Shaikh Abdulla
- Mohan Ranade
- V. Subaiyya



(3)

**Group 'A'**

- a. Headquarters of CENTO
- b. Headquarters of SAARC
- c. Secretariat of Commonwealth
- d. Headquarters of NATO

**Group 'B'**

- Ankara
- New Delhi
- London
- Paris

(4)

**Group 'A'**

- a. National Human Rights Commission
- b. Centre for Science and Environment
- c. SEESCAP
- d. INTACH

**Group 'B'**

- Protection of Human rights
- Study of Pollution in Delhi
- Institute for conservation of turtles
- Organisation creating awareness for conservation of heritage

**Q.2. (A) Write the names of historical places/persons/events:****(4) [8]**

- (1) Portuguese seafarer who arrived in India in 1498-
- (2) The princely state in Saurashtra that did not merge in India immediately after its independence-
- (3) Organisation that played an important role in decolonisation after Second World War-
- (4) The city in which metro railway was flagged off in 2002-

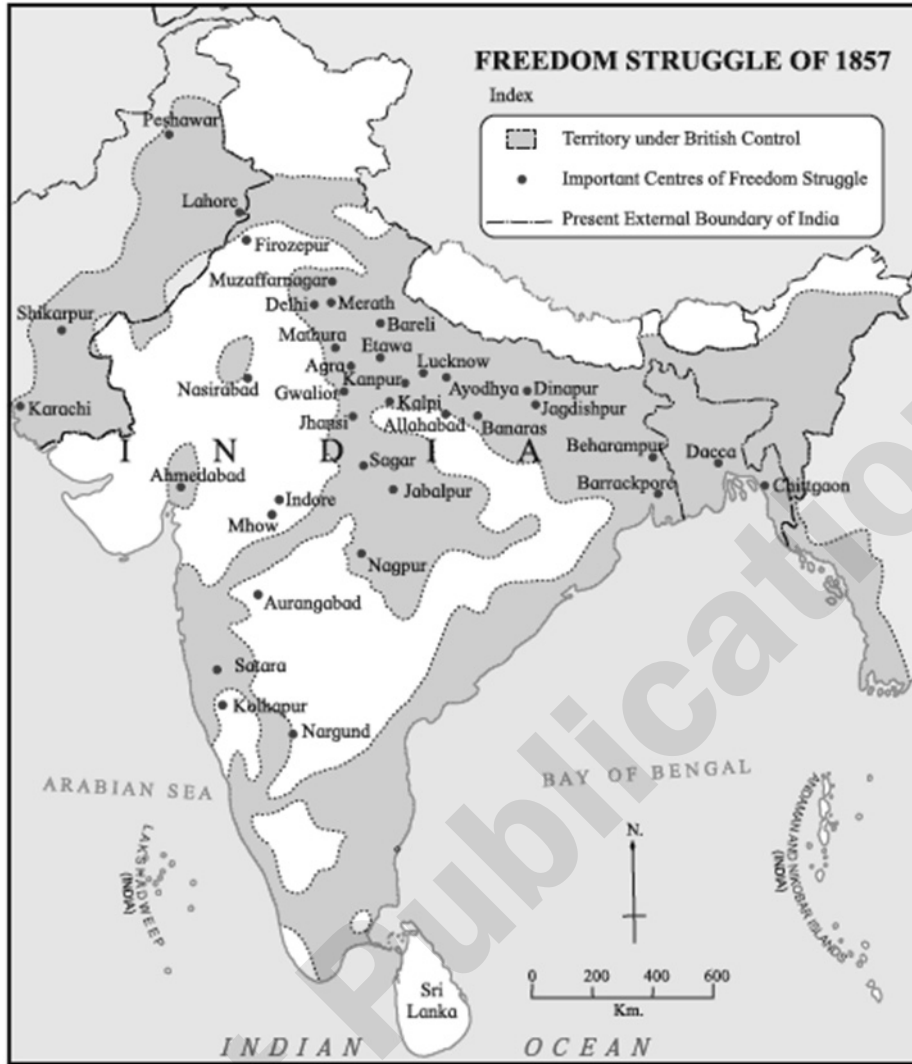
**(B) Choose the correct reasons and complete the sentences:****(4)**

- (1) The Industrial Revolution first began in England because \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) England was a big country.
  - (b) in England capitalist and labour class increased.
  - (c) England had big market.
  - (d) nature of Industrial Revolution was limited in England.
- (2) The British wanted to gain control over Myanmar because \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) they wanted to expand their empire.
  - (b) it was very important for them to control the natural resources and the market in Myanmar.
  - (c) they wanted to be on the forefront in the colonial competition amongst the European nations.
  - (d) they wanted to teach a lesson to king Thibaw of Myanmar.
- (3) Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj levied octroi on the salt trade to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) oppose the Portuguese.
  - (b) stop the British trade of salt.
  - (c) raise funds for Swarajya.
  - (d) oppose the colonialists.
- (4) Japan surrendered in the Second World War because \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) America signed treaty with Japan.
  - (b) America launched aerial attacks on two Japanese cities Hiroshima and Nagasaki.
  - (c) Japanese economy was ruined.
  - (d) Japanese people opposed the War.



Q.3. (A) Observe the given map and answer the questions based on it:

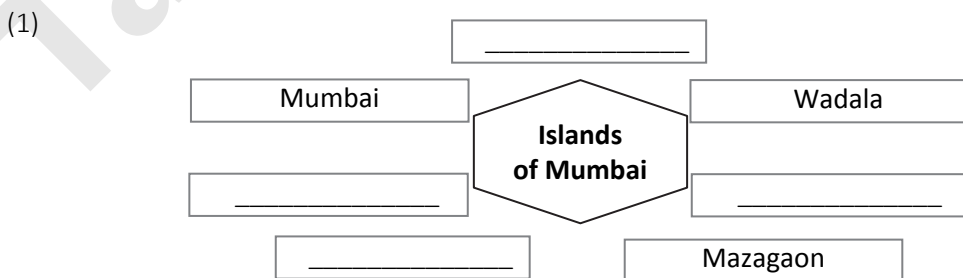
(5) [13]



- (1) To which topic is this map related?
- (2) Name any one centre of independence struggle of 1857 in present Bangladesh.
- (3) Name any one centre of independence struggle of 1857 in present Pakistan.
- (4) Name any one place of independence struggle of 1857 in present Maharashtra.
- (5) Name the Indian island located in Arabian Sea.

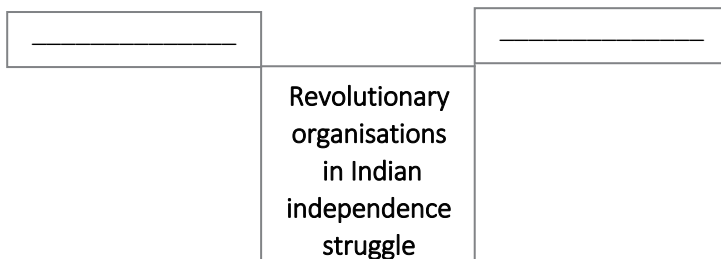
(B) Complete the concept maps (Any FOUR):

(8)

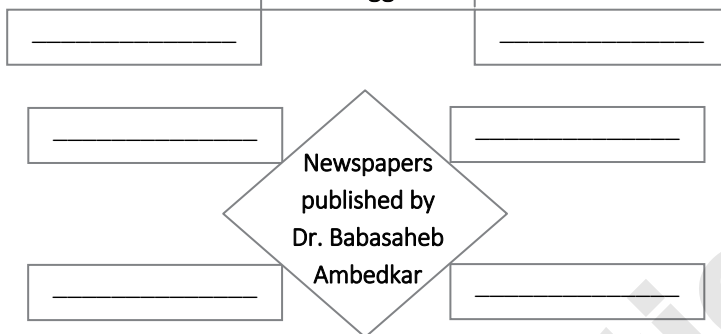




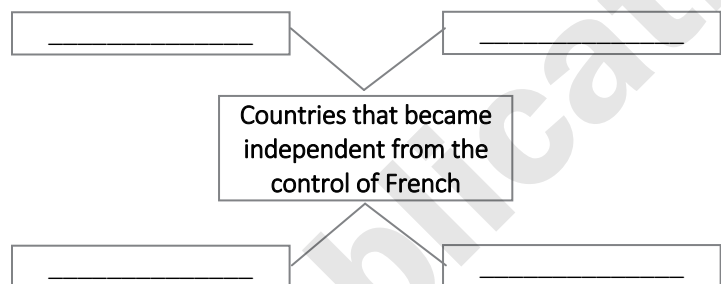
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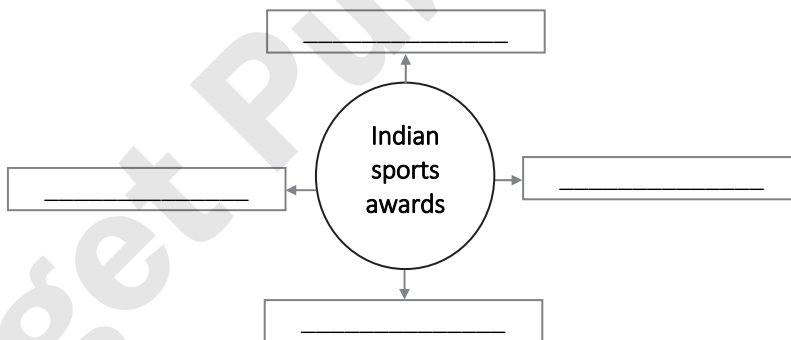
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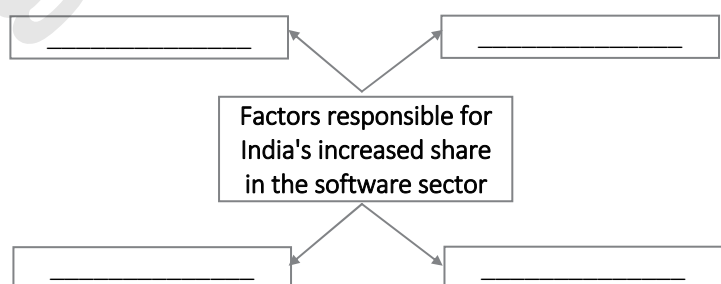
(4)



(5)



(6)



**Q.4. (A) Write short notes (Any THREE):**

**(6) [15]**

- (1) Economic Nationalism
- (2) Prarthana Samaj
- (3) Decolonisation
- (4) Bandung conference
- (5) The youth policy of the Government of India



**(B) Explain the following statements with reasons (Any THREE): (9)**

- (1) The European Renaissance is supposed to have reached its zenith in the 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> centuries.
- (2) Indian rulers found it difficult to fight the Portuguese.
- (3) The British Government in India decided to return home.
- (4) SAARC has achieved success in some fields.
- (5) In 1993 Human Rights Protection Act was passed.

**Q.5. State your opinion (Any THREE): [9]**

- (1) Spain became prosperous after establishing colonies in America.
- (2) Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj built naval force.
- (3) According to Swatantryaveer Savarkar, the Independence War of 1857 was the first war of Independence.
- (4) Trustee system adopted by League of Nations was failed.
- (5) India is a leading country in the field of Space Research.

**Q.6. Answer the following questions in detail (Any TWO): [10]**

- (1) Explain the causes and effects of European Crusades.
- (2) Write the information about merger of Kashmir in India.
- (3) Write the information about the defence affairs of India.

**Q.7. Answer the following questions with the help of given points (Any THREE): [15]**

- (1) Write detailed answer about the nature of European colonialism with the help of following points:
  - (a) Meaning of colonialism
  - (b) Causes of colonialism
  - (c) Consequences of colonialism
- (2) Explain the Portuguese - Maratha relations:
  - (a) Relationship between the Portuguese and Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj.
  - (b) Relationship between the Portuguese and Chhatrapati Sambhaji Maharaj
  - (c) Relationship between the Portuguese and Chhatrapati Shahuji Maharaj
- (3) Write information about first session of Indian National Congress :
  - (a) First session
  - (b) Present delegates
  - (c) Resolution passed
- (4) Write causes of the First World War :
  - (a) Imperialistic policy
  - (b) Competition for armament
  - (c) Immediate cause
- (5) Write information about commonwealth of nations:
  - (a) Objectives of the commonwealth of nations
  - (b) Establishment of the commonwealth of nations
  - (c) Advantages of the commonwealth of nations